

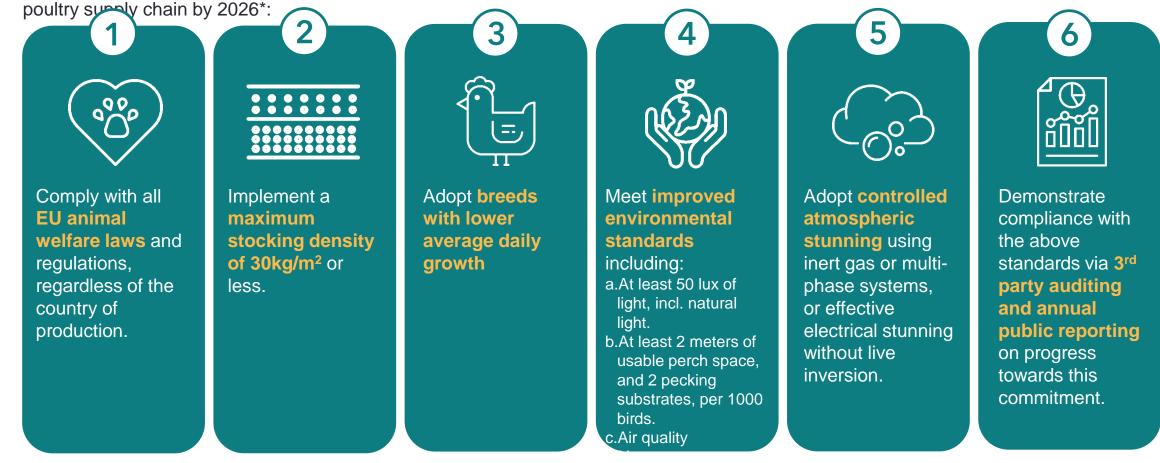
Costs & implications of the European chicken commitment in the EU

European Chicken Commitment History



The ECC policy

The ECC is a framework of standards promoted by animal welfare NGOs, which aims to enhance animal welfare and exceeds current EU legislation. It commits its signatories to apply several requirements to 100% of their (fresh, frozen and processed)



*For companies committing after December 31, 2023, a longer timeline may be set, provided the timeline is in agreement with an NGO signatory of the ECC, has progress milestones, and a public deadline for 100% compliance.

VEC The voice of Europe's poultry meat sector

ECC Committed companies in Europe

Numerous companies across Europe, spanning from retailers to restaurants and catering businesses, have already signed up to the ECC and committed to its requirements by 2026*:



*For companies committing after December 31, 2023, a longer timeline may be set, provided the timeline is in agreement with an NGO signatory of the ECC, has progress milestones, and a public deadline for 100% compliance.

4

The ADAS Report

?

As ECC compliance progresses, crucial questions regarding its environmental implications and its effects on chicken meat production remain unanswered.

What will the consequences of a shift to the ECC standards be?

To shed light on these issues, AVEC has commissioned **a study** from RSK ADAS Ltd (ADAS) - a consultancy firm specialising in agriculture - to assess the likely **impact** of fully adopting the ECC requirements across EU chicken production and determine the **consequences**.

AVEC

The Association of Poultry Processors and Poultry Trade in the EU Countries

Costs and implications of the European Chicken Commitment in the EU

A report prepared by RSK ADAS Ltd

March 2024

Objective and scope of the ADAS report

The following parameters are compared for standard and ECC production:





Carbon footprint of chicken production

Land use changes Water use and supply



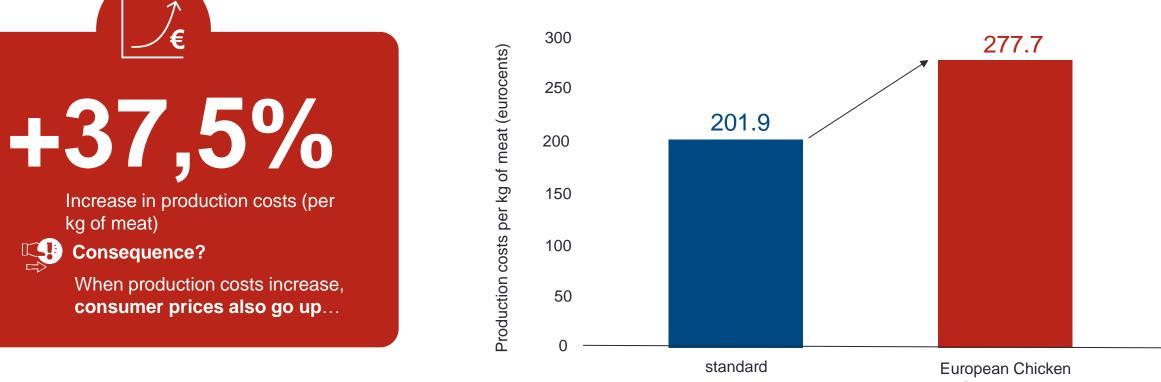
The study's unique aspect

Emphasis is placed on calculating costs per kilogram of meat, unlike previous research focused solely on the consequences for live birds or liveweight, which doesn't accurately reflect market realities since we sell meat, not live animals.

Due to **differences in meat yields** between standard and ECC production, earlier studies often underestimated the true impact of switching to ECC standards.

Comparisons 'per bird' and 'per kg of liveweight' are also provided.

Results Cost of production per kg of meat



Commitment

Source: The costs and implications of adopting European Chicken Commitment Standards in the European Union, ADAS, March 2024.

Results Production of annual meat output per m²

Annual chicken meat output kg

-44%

Less meat produced on a yearly basis

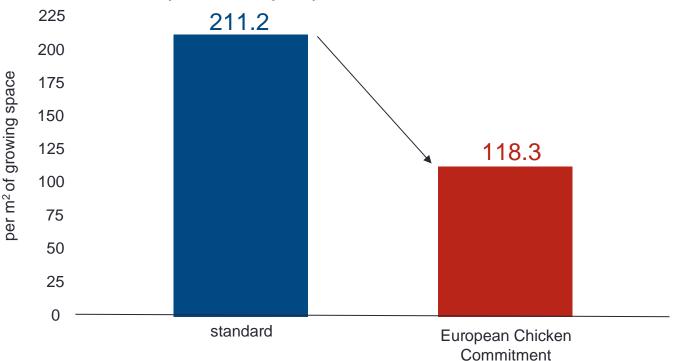


Consequences?

When the production per m² goes down, we will produce less ...



... that for the same building capacity (same number of poultry houses = same number of m² of building) the quantity of meat produced would decrease by 44 % on a yearly basis.



*Source: EU AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK 2023 - 2035

AVEC The voice of Europe's poultry meat sector **Source:** The costs and implications of adopting European Chicken Commitment Standards in the European Union, ADAS, March 2024.

8

Results EU growing space requirements



But what does that mean?

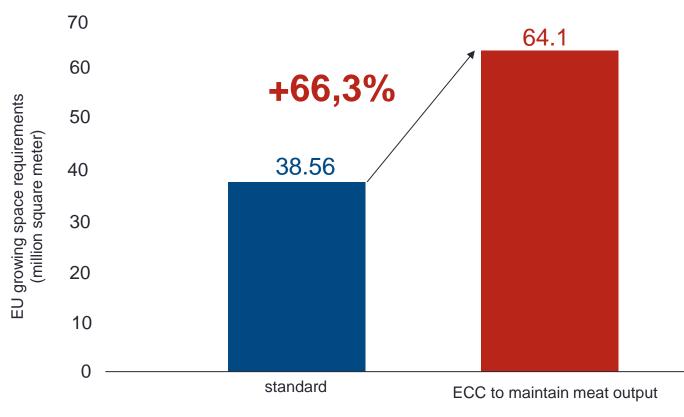
+9,692

New poultry houses needed to maintain annual chicken meat output, at an estimated **cost of**: **68.24.01**

based on a capital cost for new buildings of €420 per m² of growing space.

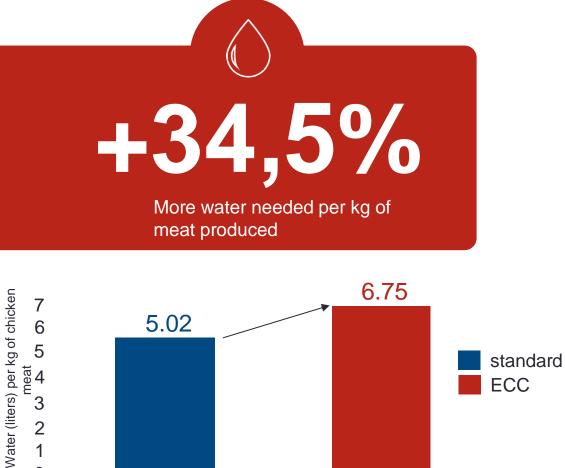
Gonsequence?

When growing space requirements go up... We will have huge difficulties getting the permits for building new poultry houses...



Source: The costs and implications of adopting European Chicken Commitment Standards in the European Union, ADAS, March 2024.

Results Water requirements per kg meat



Water use (liters)



But what does that mean?

Additional water consumed to maintain meat output with ECC equals the quantity of water contained in 4976 Olympic size swimming pools.



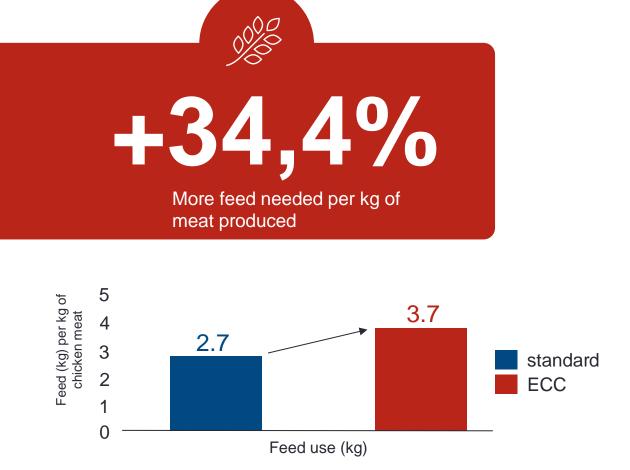
Source: The costs and implications of adopting European Chicken 10 Commitment Standards in the European Union, ADAS, March 2024.

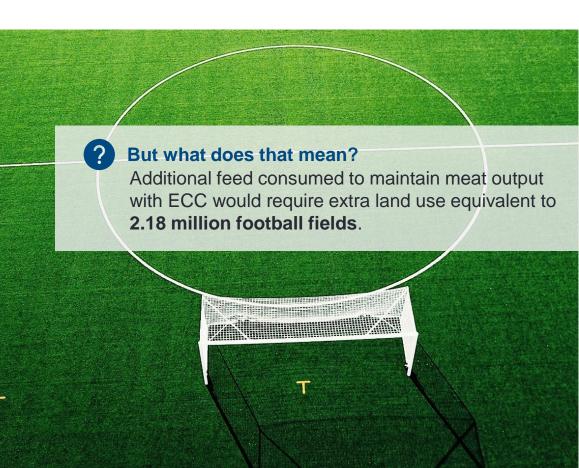
AVEC The voice of Europe's poultry meat sector

2

0

Results Feed requirements per kg meat





Source: The costs and implications of adopting European Chicken Commitment Standards in the European Union, ADAS, March 2024.

The voice of Europe's poultry meat sector

Results Extra GHG emissions per kg meat

+24,4%

E.

Increase of GHG emissions per kg meat produced

Consequence?

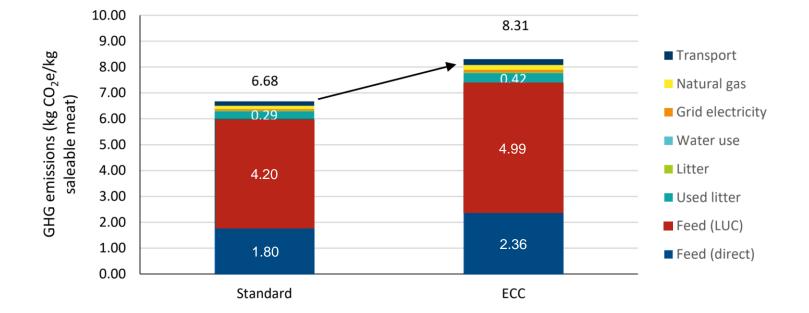
GHG emissions intensify the greenhouse effect, contributing to **climate change**

!

the EU Poultry meat sector has currently **the lowest level of GHG emissions** compared to other meat types*

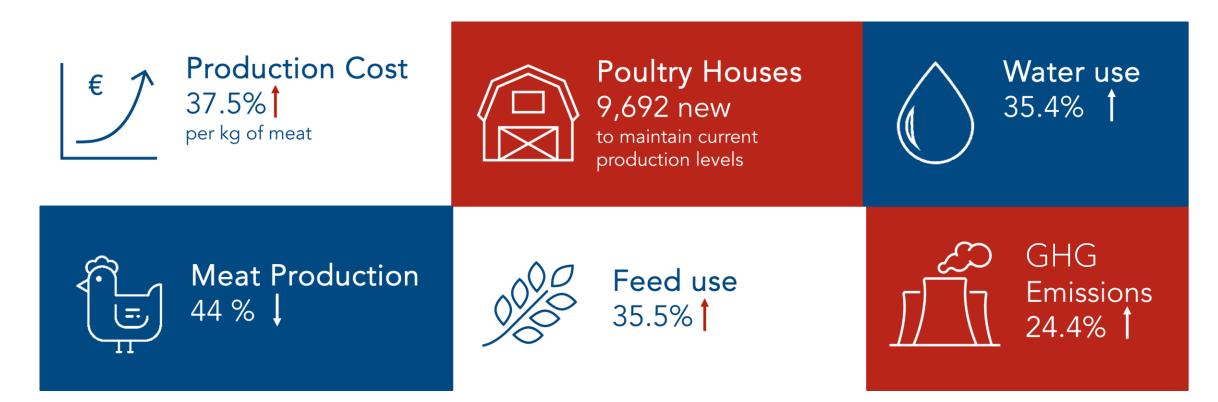
*Source: http://www.fao.org/gleam/results/en/

AVEC | The voice of Europe's poultry meat sector

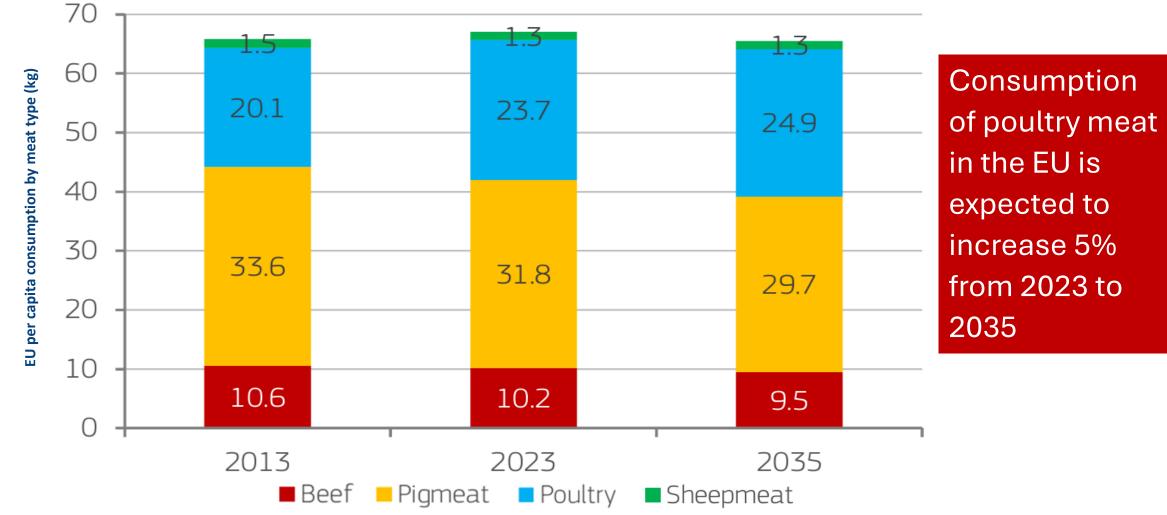


Summarising the findings

The "Costs and Implications of the European Chicken Commitment in the EU" study finds that fully transitioning to ECC standards would result in:

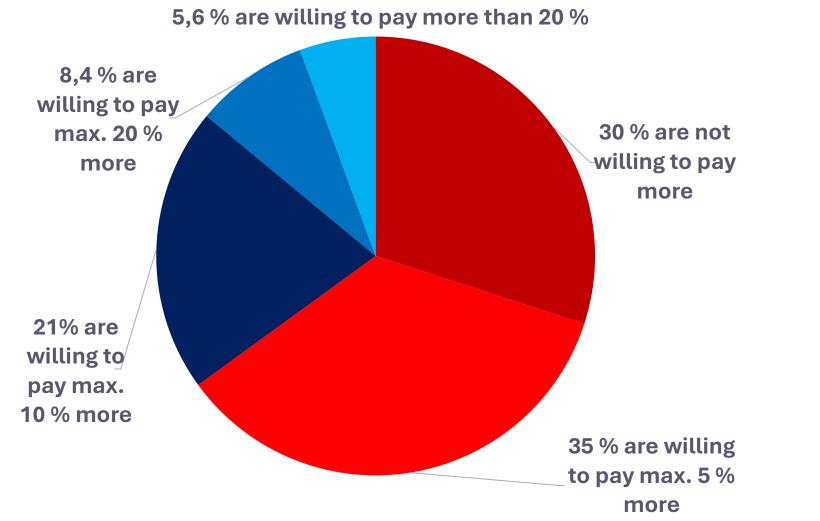


Meat Consumption Forecast - EU



Source: EU AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK 2023 - 2035

Are the consumers willing to pay for animal welfare?

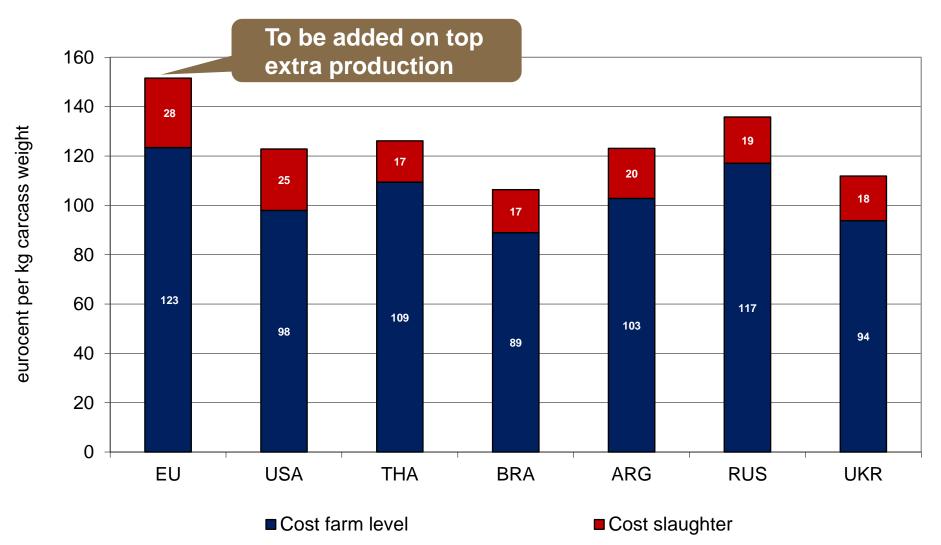


17% have serious difficulties dealing with the cost of meat.

Only 14% are willing to pay more than 10% extra for animal welfare.

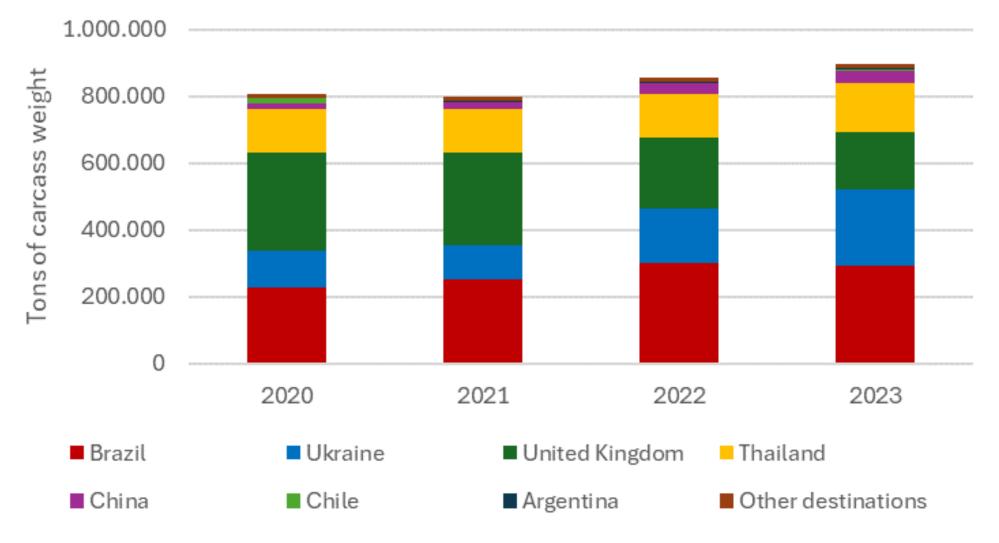
BEUC

Production costs



Horne, P.L.M. van, 2017. *Competitiveness of the EU poultry meat sector, base year 2015*; International comparison of production costs. Wageningen, Wageningen Economic Research, Report 2017-005. 36 pp.; 14 fig.; 11 tab.; 16 ref. <u>http://www.avec-</u> poultry.eu/communications

Import of poultry meat to EU





Animal welfare is important ... therefore, we propose ...

AVEC's proposal

At AVEC, we are committed to the continuous improvement of animal welfare in balance with economic and environmental sustainability.

Alternative methods to enhance animal welfare without imposing undue financial burdens on consumers or exacerbating environmental concerns are necessary. The EU poultry sector **advocates for**:





the development of **output-based animal welfare indicators,** grounded in scientific and objective criteria to assess welfare performance

effective farm management

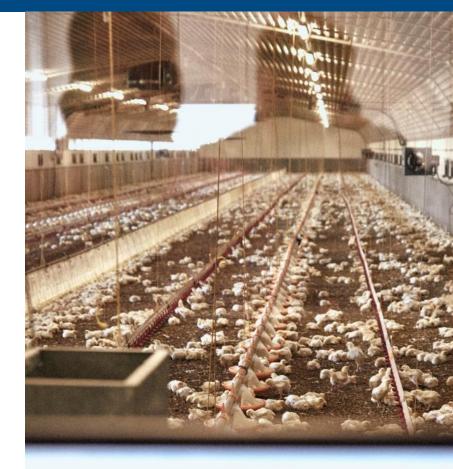
The Greenwell study* indicates that farm management and dayold chick quality can have a major effect on the welfare performance of a flock and that there is room for welfare improvement in all production systems



comprehensive farmer training



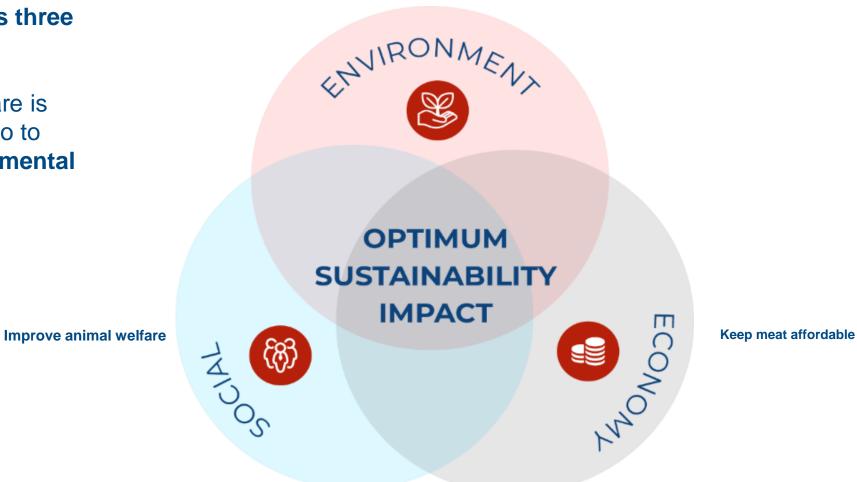
a framework that incentivises and encourages progress through realistic and achievable objectives for producers.



*Ingrid de Jong1 and Dennis te Beest2 <u>Differences and variation in welfare performance of broiler flocks in three production systems – ScienceDirect</u> 19 1 Wageningen Livestock Research, Wageningen University and Research / 2 Biometris, Wageningen University and Research True sustainability necessitates a delicate **balance between its three pillars.**

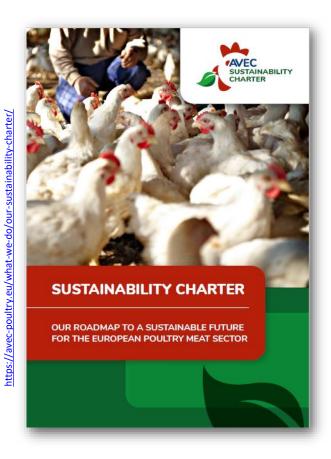
While improving animal welfare is paramount, it is important also to take **economic and environmental impact** into consideration.

Decrease the impact



That is the reason we created AVEC's Sustainability Charter

Our 4 ambitions





Reduce our environmental impact and GHG emissions



Reduce the use of antibiotics



Reduce the use of packaging material and improve recyclability



Optimize Animal Welfare

Conclusion

The EU poultry sector remains committed to delivering high-quality, accessible chicken meat produced under the highest standards in the world.

We encourage consumers and policymakers to consider the study's findings to make **informed decisions** about chicken production standards.



For more information about the study and AVEC's positions, please visit: <u>www.avec-poultry.eu</u>

